

#### NOTES ON THE EXAMINATION

The "British Equine Veterinary Association (BEVA) / Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons (RCVS) Guidance Notes on the Examination of a Horse on Behalf of a Prospective Purchaser (amended 2018)" establishes a general routine for the pre-purchase examination of horses. The examination is conducted broadly in five stages, although the exact sequence of the various tests within the examination may vary. The five stages are:

Stage 1 Preliminary examination  
Stage 2 Walk and Trot, in hand  
Stage 3 Exercise phase  
Stage 4 Period of rest and re-examination  
Stage 5 Second trot up

In circumstances where it is not possible to complete all the stages, or where the standard 5-stage examination is limited to just stages 1 and 2 at the specific request of the purchaser, the variations from the standard procedure should be made clear on the certificate.

#### NOTES FOR THE PURCHASER

##### (A) IDENTIFICATION AND LEGAL OWNERSHIP

This certificate serves to identify the horse that was examined, but it is not the responsibility of the examining veterinary surgeon to ascertain that the declared seller has legal title in the horse. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to satisfy themselves as to the ownership of the horse and to verify the records of any microchip with the relevant database.

##### (B) AGE

Without appropriate paper records from foalhood it is not possible to confirm the age of a horse with accuracy. Estimates of age based on a dental examination are imprecise and unreliable and any age range shown on the certificate is approximate and based on opinion only. In the absence of documentary evidence, the term 'aged' may be used to refer to a horse considered after examination to be over 15 years of age.

##### (C) STAGES OF THE EXAMINATION

If any parts of the five stages were omitted for any reason (see "Notes on the Examination" above), the opinion given is based purely upon those parts of the examination that were completed. The incomplete examination will not have identified any clinical signs of disease, injury or abnormality that could only have been revealed a part of the standard procedure that was omitted.

##### (D) ADDITIONAL PROCEDURES

Any procedures carried out in addition to those recommended in the BEVA/RCVS Guidance Notes (such as radiography, ultrasonography, and endoscopy) are listed. The original records of these procedures (such as radiographs, ultrasonographs, photographs), as well as the blood sample taken for medication analysis, are and remain the property of the examining veterinary surgeon.

Unless specified in additional procedures, this examination does not include examination of the inside of the prepuce (sheath), a detailed mouth examination with a speculum, a height measurement or any examination for pregnancy.

Flexion tests and trotting in a circle on a firm surface are not mandatory parts of the standard procedure, but they can sometimes provide useful additional information about a horse. There may be circumstances when the examining veterinary surgeon concludes that it is unsafe or inappropriate to perform such tests.

##### (E) THE HORSE'S CLINICAL HISTORY

If the examining veterinary surgeon is aware of any prior veterinary involvement with the horse, the examination will only have been carried out with permission for disclosure of all of the known clinical history. If the clinical history represents a greater than normal risk of the horse developing future problems (i.e. recurrence or delayed consequences of a prior condition), this should be indicated on the certificate along with an explanatory note. (The horse may nevertheless be suitable for purchase based on a risk/benefit analysis). A horse may have received veterinary treatment beyond the awareness of the examining veterinary surgeon.

##### (F) SELLER'S WARRANTY

The opinion provides no assurances in respect of matters that can only be established by a seller's representations to the purchaser. A seller's warranty is a matter between the seller and the purchaser and is not the responsibility of the examining veterinary surgeon. The purchaser should consider obtaining a written warranty from the seller covering, for example, matters such as medical or surgical history, height, freedom from vices, temperament, non-administration of drugs prior to the examination and the horse's previous or existing uses and performance levels.

##### (G) THE OPINION

The opinion expressed in this certificate is based solely on the standard procedure of examination recommended by the "BEVA/RCVS Guidance Notes on the Examination of a Horse on Behalf of a Prospective Purchaser (amended 2018)" (as varied by those omitted or additional procedures that are detailed in the certificate). The opinion is subject to the limitations of the examination (see note C above) and provides no assurances in respect of those matters that can only be established by a seller's representations to a purchaser (see note F above).

The horse examined may, at the time of the examination, have been subject to some previously administered drug or medicament having the effect of masking or concealing some disease, injury or physical abnormality that might otherwise have been clinically discoverable.